

HIGHLIGHTS

DUKETON OPERATIONS

- Quarterly gold production of 74,612 ounces (June 16: 78,471 ounces) at the lower end of annual guidance with quarterly production expected to increase over the balance of FY17 as satellite projects Gloster and Eristoun come on line.
- Pre-royalty cash cost for the quarter in line with guidance of \$850 per ounce and all in sustaining cost of \$946 per ounce (June 16: CC \$776/oz & AISC \$951/oz), which is below the lower end of FY17 annual guidance.
- Strong cash flow generation from operations continues with \$59.6 million for the quarter (June 16: \$68.2m).
- Mining at the Gloster Project commenced during the quarter with first ore carted to the Moolart Well processing plant after the end of the quarter to provide first gold production in the December 2016 quarter.

CORPORATE

- Regis declared and paid a fully franked dividend of 9 cents per share taking full year FY16 dividends to 13 cents per share.
- Cash and bullion position of \$103.1 million (June 16: \$123.3 million) after the payment of \$45 million in fully franked dividends and \$5.1 million start-up capital at Gloster.
- During the quarter, Regis sold 73,607 ounces of gold at an average price of A\$1,765 per oz.

RESOURCES AND RESERVES

- Maiden Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate completed for Tooheys Well of 14.6 Mt @ 1.16 g/t gold for 547,000 ounces of gold at a 0.4g/t gold cut-off grade.
- Infill drilling of the Tooheys Well deposit, only 2.5 kilometres from the Garden Well processing plant, is being expedited with a view to including in an update to the Resource estimate and a maiden Ore Reserve estimate in the December 2016 quarter.

EXPLORATION

- RC drilling at Tooheys Well has continued to return high grade mineralisation. Significant results from infill drilling during the quarter include:

25 metres @ 2.25 g/t gold from 226 to 251m	30 metres @ 2.13 g/t gold from 161 to 191m
25 metres @ 3.41 g/t gold from 251 to 276m	32 metres @ 2.83 g/t gold from 192 to 224m
30 metres @ 2.01 g/t gold from 176 to 206m	56 metres @ 2.34 g/t gold from 218 to 274m

- 13,000 metre underground target drilling commenced under Rosemont Main pit.
- Resource definition and drilling beneath the current pit design at Rosemont South returned significant results:

10 metres @ 30.11 g/t gold from 48 to 58m	17 metres @ 4.41 g/t gold from 153 to 170m
2 metres @ 18.48 g/t gold from 74 to 76m	29 metres @ 3.81 g/t gold from 175 to 204m

- 25,000 metre resource definition drill programme commenced at McPhillamys in NSW
- RC resource extension drilling at Gloster has returned encouraging results including 10 metres @ 3.95 g/t gold from 19 to 29 metres.

DUKETON OPERATIONS

The Duketon Gold Project produced 74,612 ounces of gold in the September 2016 quarter. The September 2016 production is consistent with the run rate for the last 12 months but is at the lower end of the FY17 production guidance range of 300,000 - 330,000 ounces. As previously reported, production is anticipated to increase over the remainder of FY17 as higher grade satellite ore is brought into the processing schedule from Gloster and Erlistoun.

The pre-royalty cash cost for the quarter of \$850 per ounce was in line with annual guidance whilst the all in sustaining cost (AISC) of \$946 per ounce was below the lower end of annual cost guidance for FY2017. AISC was affected by the 5% lower volume of material mined and stripping ratio across the Duketon Project compared to the prior quarter. The volume of waste mined was lower partly due to the effect of unseasonal rainfall on mining activities.

Operating results for the Regis group for the September 2016 quarter were as follows:

	DNO	DSO	TOTAL	Previous Quarter
Ore mined (Mbcm)	0.4	0.7	1.1	1.1
Waste mined (Mbcm)	1.9	3.9	5.8	6.2
Stripping ratio (w:o)	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.6
Ore mined (Mtonnes)	0.8	1.9	2.7	2.5
Ore milled (Mtonnes)	0.77	1.85	2.62	2.53
Head grade (g/t)	0.95	0.99	0.98	1.07
Recovery (%)	91.0	90.7	90.8	90.2
Gold production (ounces)	21,334	53,278	74,612	78,471
Cash cost (A\$/oz)	675	920	850	776
Cash cost inc royalty (A\$/oz)	745	990	920	860
All in Sustaining Cost (A\$/oz) ¹	803	1,003	946	951

¹ AISC calculated on a per ounce of production basis

Duketon Northern Operations (DNO) produced 21,334 ounces of gold at an AISC of \$803 per ounce.

Gold production at DNO continued to increase (up 4% from the June 2016 quarter) as a result of the higher grade and throughput achieved. The annualised throughput rate for the quarter of over 3mtpa represents record throughput at the operation and is a result of a higher proportion of oxide ore treated. This has contributed to the highest quarterly gold production at DNO since the December 2014 quarter.

Mining of the Gloster Project and stockpiling of ore at the operation commenced during the quarter. Since the end of the quarter first ore has been carted by road to the Moolart Well processing plant (26 kilometres to the east) which will see processing of Gloster ore commence in the December 2016 quarter. This is expected to have a further positive effect on the head grade of DNO. All capital and development works for the project were completed either during or since the end of the quarter.

Duketon Southern Operations (DSO) produced 53,278 ounces of gold at an AISC of \$1,003 per ounce.

DSO gold production was 8% lower than the previous quarter primarily as a result of lower grades processed at both Garden Well and Rosemont. Mining at Rosemont during the quarter has been focussed in the lower grade southern end of the pit, leaving the central higher grade area which was mined in the previous quarter. The southern part of the Rosemont main pit is currently in the transitional zone where grades have historically been lower in an area of depletion that is located

immediately above the top of fresh rock. The southern end grades of the open pit are expected to increase by the end of the December 2016 quarter as mining transitions into fresh ore.

The Garden Well head grade was lower than anticipated in the September 2016 quarter as mining in the Garden Well open pit produced more ounces overall than forecast but at a higher tonnage of ore at a lower grade. Accordingly, whilst this reduced the effective stripping ratio for the quarter, the lower grade ore mined impacted the processed grade for the quarter.

Despite lower production from DSO, AISC of \$1,003 per ounce were only 2% higher than the previous quarter due to mining at a lower stripping ratio of 5.2 (w:o) in the September 2016 quarter compared to 6.3 in the June 2016 quarter.

A total of \$4.4 million of growth capex relating to the cutback at Rosemont was incurred during the quarter.

CORPORATE

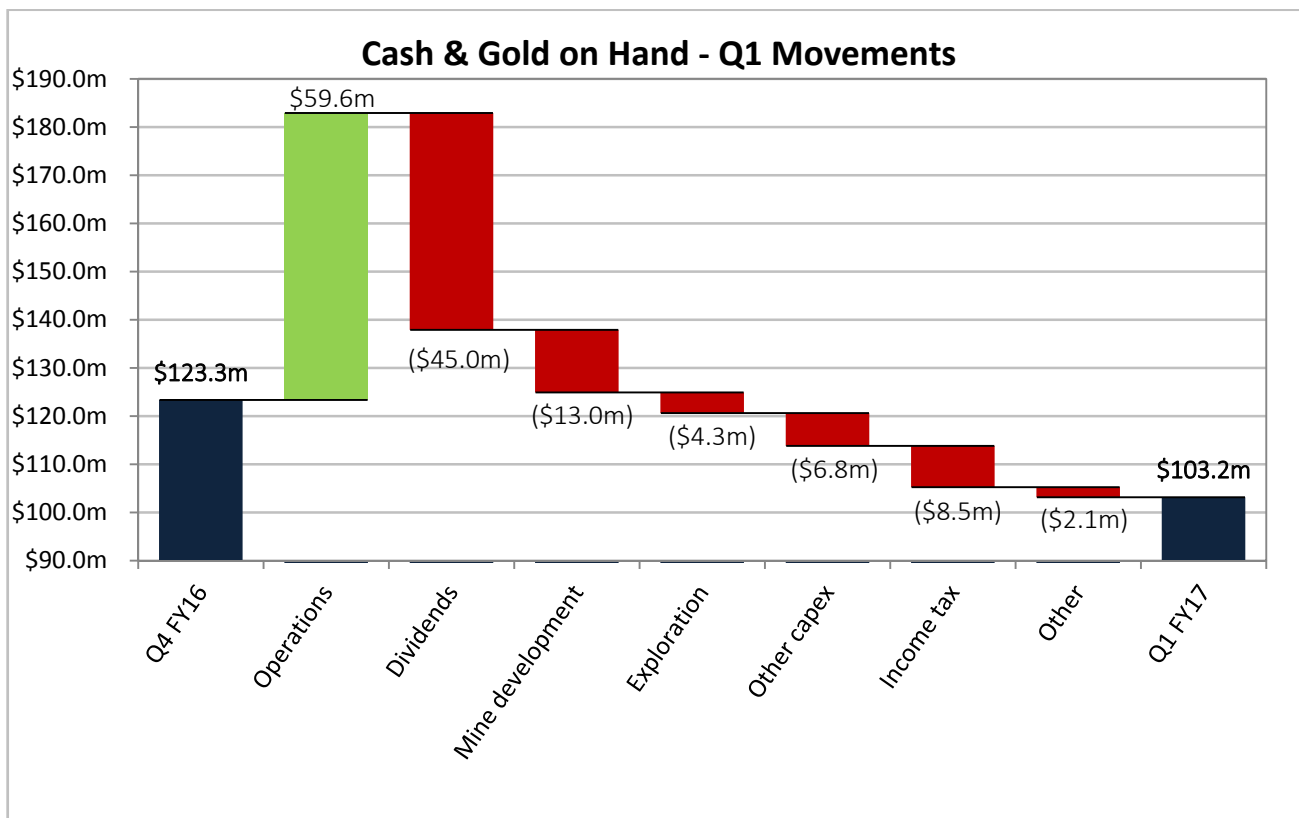
Financial Results and Dividend

In August 2016 Regis announced strong financial results for the 2016 financial year. The net profit after tax for the full year was \$111.8 million, up \$24.8 million (29%) on the 2015 result, which facilitated the payment of a fully franked final dividend of 9 cents per share (\$45 million). The final dividend payment took total dividends paid in relation to the 2016 financial year to 13 cents per share (\$65 million).

Cash Position

The Duketon project generated operating cash flow of \$59.6 million in the September 2016 quarter. At the end of the quarter Regis had \$103.1 million in cash and bullion, down from \$123.3 million at the end of June 2016 due to the \$45 million dividend payment and \$5.1 million of budgeted capital spent establishing the Gloster Project which will commence production in the current quarter.

The following waterfall chart highlights the movement in the Company's cash reserves over the quarter.



Gold Sales & Hedging

During the September 2016 quarter, Regis sold 73,607 ounces of gold at an average price of A\$1,765 per ounce (June 16 qtr: 86,539 ounces at A\$1,646 per ounce). The Company took advantage of the high spot gold price during the quarter. The total hedging position at the end of the quarter was 433,770 ounces, being 60,000 ounces of flat forward contracts with a delivery price of A\$1,454 per ounce and 373,770 ounces of spot deferred contracts with a price of A\$1,576 per ounce.

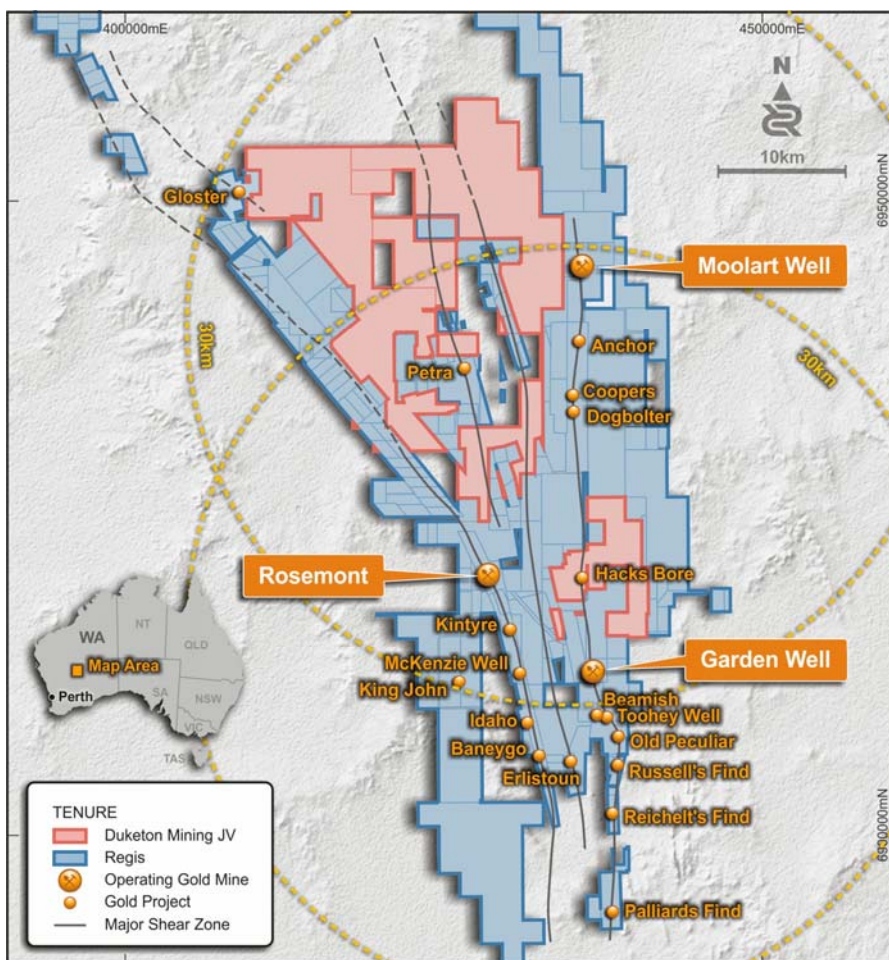
Share Buy Back

The Company has not purchased any of its shares under the share buy-back programme announced in the June 2015 quarter and the buy-back has subsequently finished.

EXPLORATION

Duketon Overview

Exploration and resource development drilling programmes continued at the Duketon Gold Project with encouraging results returned from drilling at Tooheys Well, Rosemont South and Gloster. In addition, work continued on the Duketon Mining Joint Venture with air core drilling program continuing at Petra North and commencing at Commonwealth, and infill lag sampling continuing on anomalies generated by last year’s lag sampling programme.



Drilling at Duketon during the September 2016 quarter totalled 52,262 metres as shown below:

HoleType	No. of Holes	Total Metres
Aircore	265	22,248
Diamond	2	994
RC	266	29,020
Total	533	52,262

Project	AC	DD	RC	Total Metres
Beamish	-	-	1,334	1,334
Commonwealth	9,674	-	-	9,674
Erlistoun	835	-	2,971	3,806
Garden Well	-	-	3,490	3,490
Gloster	-	-	3,932	3,932
Hacks Bore	4,385	-	-	4,385
Mason Hill	172	-	-	172
McKenzie Well	2,676	-	-	2,676
McPhillamys	-	994	-	994
Moolart Well	-	-	108	108
Petra North	4,506	-	-	4,506
Rosemont	-	-	6,411	6,411
Tooheys Well	-	-	10,774	10,774
Total Metres	22,248	994	29,020	52,262

Significant exploration projects advanced during the quarter at Duketon are outlined below.

Tooheys Well Gold Project

The Tooheys Well gold prospect is located on a granted Mining Lease, 2.5km south of the Garden Well gold mine. Gold mineralisation was previously defined in two north south trending Western and Eastern shear zones 100 metres apart hosted in Banded Iron Formation (BIF), chert and fine grained sediments. The eastern shear zone mineralisation appears to have steep dip of 80-90° to the east. Host rocks are BIF/chert and shale and weathering extends to 80 to 100 metre vertical depth. Gold mineralisation is associated with pyrrhotite hosted in BIF which appears to be the dominant lithology at Tooheys Well. The pyrrhotite phase is restricted to BIF's, and has replaced magnetite during hydrothermal alteration.

RC and diamond drilling in the March and June 2016 quarters defined high grade gold mineralisation along the Eastern shear zone and this was followed-up with further RC infill and extensional drilling in the September 2016 quarter.

A maiden Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) was estimated during the quarter at a 0.4g/t gold lower cut for the Tooheys Well gold deposit as follows:

	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t)	Ounces ('000)
Tooheys Well Inferred Resource	14.6	1.16	547

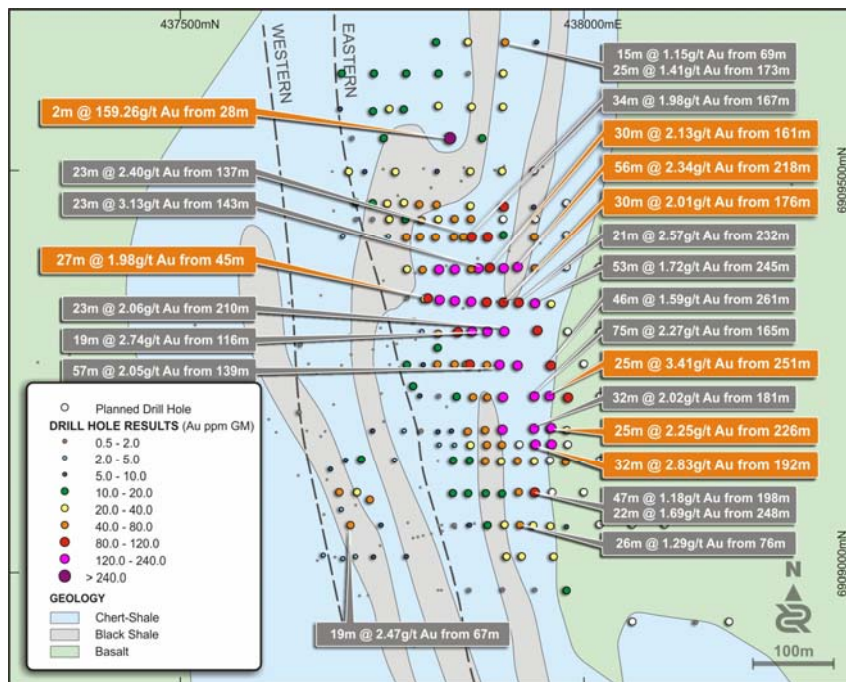
Errors of summation may occur due to rounding

Regis has quoted the maiden Inferred MRE for the Tooheys Well Gold Project at a 0.4 g/t gold lower cut. However, it is particularly encouraging that MRE reported above a 1.0 g/t gold cut-off grade is 6.7 Mt @ 1.77 g/t. gold for 379,000 ounces. This represents 70% of the MRE with an average grade of 1.77 g/t gold and is the result of the very regular wide intercepts of high grade mineralisation encountered at Tooheys Well.

During the quarter a programme of 46 RC holes and 5 extended RC holes for 8,996 metres was drilled to follow-up gold mineralisation in the Eastern and Western shear zones. Significant new infill drilling results received during the quarter include:

- **25m @ 2.25g/t Au from 226m** in hole RRLTWRC148
- **14m @ 3.02g/t Au from 305m** RRLTWRC148
- **7m @ 5.21g/t Au from 49m** RRLTWRC154
- **25m @ 3.41g/t Au from 251m** RRLTWRC157
- **15m @ 2.27g/t Au from 290m** RRLTWRC157
- **30m @ 2.01g/t Au from 176m** RRLTWRC158
- **30m @ 2.13g/t Au from 161m** RRLTWRC167
- **17m @ 2.23g/t Au from 91m** RRLTWRC168
- **32m @ 2.83g/t Au from 192m** RRLTWRC171
- **23m @ 1.96g/t Au from 229m** RRLTWRC171
- **11m @ 2.80g/t Au from 258m** RRLTWRC171
- **56m @ 2.34g/t Au from 218m** RRLTWRC172
- **2m @ 159.26g/t Au from 28m** RRLTWRC182- extensional drill hole

Infill drilling during the quarter demonstrated very good gold mineralisation continuity both along strike and at depth in the Eastern shear zone which is now mineralised over a strike length in excess of 500 metres from 690900mN to 6909500mN based on a nominal 40m x 20m drilling pattern.



Tooheys Well plan with geology and significant gold intercepts along the western and eastern mineralised shear zones. Earlier drilling results in grey and September 2016 quarter highlights drilling in gold.

Extensional Drilling and Surveys

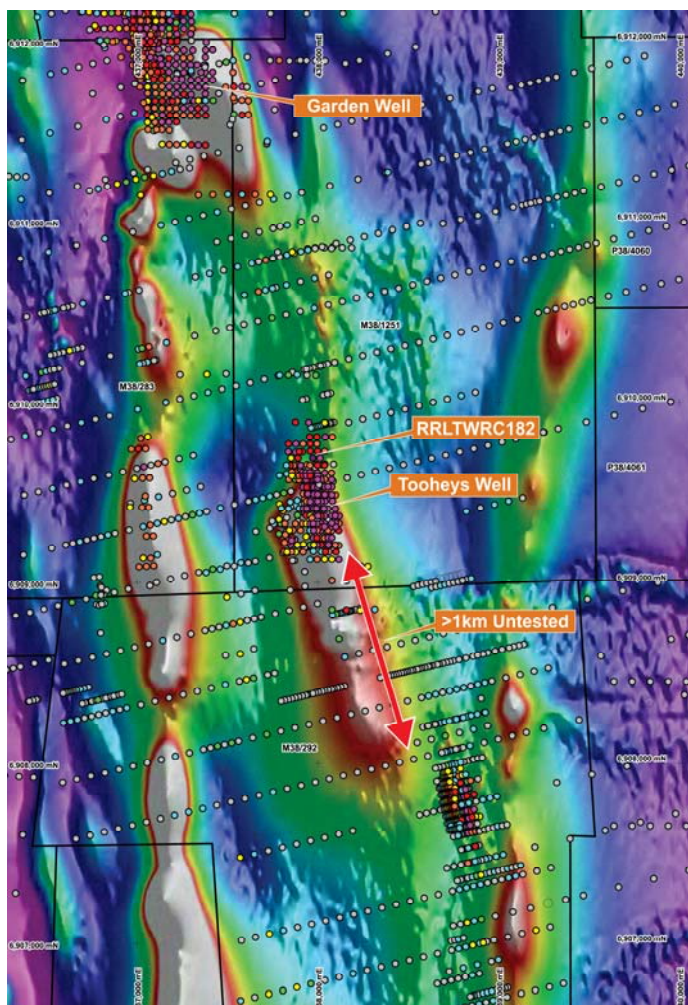
As previously reported the current known mineralisation at Tooheys Well covers a strike length of in excess of 500 metres. It is interpreted to have potential continuations:

- to the north where the Tooheys Well Eastern shear is interpreted to join with the gold mineralised shear zones at Chert Ridge (Garden Well) approximately 2.5 km away; and

- to the south given the currently defined Tooheys Well mineralisation is located on the northern flank of a >1km long magnetic high (the southern half of which is under cover and has seen very little drilling deeper than 50 metres below surface) which may be indicative of continuation of the dominant host of magnetic pyrrhotite rich BIF.

No significant extensional drilling was completed to the north of Tooheys Well during the quarter. A hole (TWRC182) drilled just outside the extremity of the resource area returned 2m @159.26g/t Au from 28m downhole and 6m @ 1.61g/t. Au from 124m downhole. To the south a very limited RC programme of 9 wide spaced holes for 1,264 metres was drilled looking for extensions of the BIF hosted mineralisation. The best intercept returned was 5m @ 1.04g/t. from 63m Au in RRLTWRC0032 which was located 300m south of the extremity of the current resource. The intercept was hosted in a magnetite rich BIF.

It has been decided to refine the exploration model and targeting to the south of Tooheys Well before a more detailed follow up drill programme is executed. A selection of core samples were submitted for petro-geophysical testwork to determine the optimal geophysical method to distinguish between magnetic high grade pyrrhotite mineralisation and magnetic lower grade magnetite hosted mineralisation. As the pyrrhotite mineralisation is quite conductive and the magnetite mineralisation is not, the search for further high grade pyrrhotite mineralisation looks to best served by a surface Electro Magnetic (EM) survey that covers the Tooheys Well deposit and extends up to Garden Well to the north and 2 kilometres to the south covering the large magnetic anomaly seen on the following plan.



Tooheys Well Regional plan with magnetics and significant gold intercepts below 50m depth.

It is expected that the EM survey will be completed in December 2016 quarter, followed by analysis and then targeted drilling.

Four lines of drilling on 80 metre spacings along strike for 22 RC holes is planned for the December 2016 quarter to test along strike from Tooheys Well to the north where the Eastern Shear is interpreted to join with the gold mineralised shear zones at Chert Ridge.

Rosemont South Gold Project

The Rosemont South Gold Prospect is located directly south of the current Rosemont Open Pit Mine, within the current resource envelope but with some areas, mainly at depth, outside the current reserves. It represents a strong target area to add both an open pit and underground mining inventory.

The geology at Rosemont has gold hosted in a steeply east dipping 345° trending quartz-dolerite unit intruding in an ultramafic sequence. Gold mineralisation is associated with quartz-carbonate-chlorite-sulphide alteration and is restricted to the quartz-dolerite unit which is approximately 80m wide.

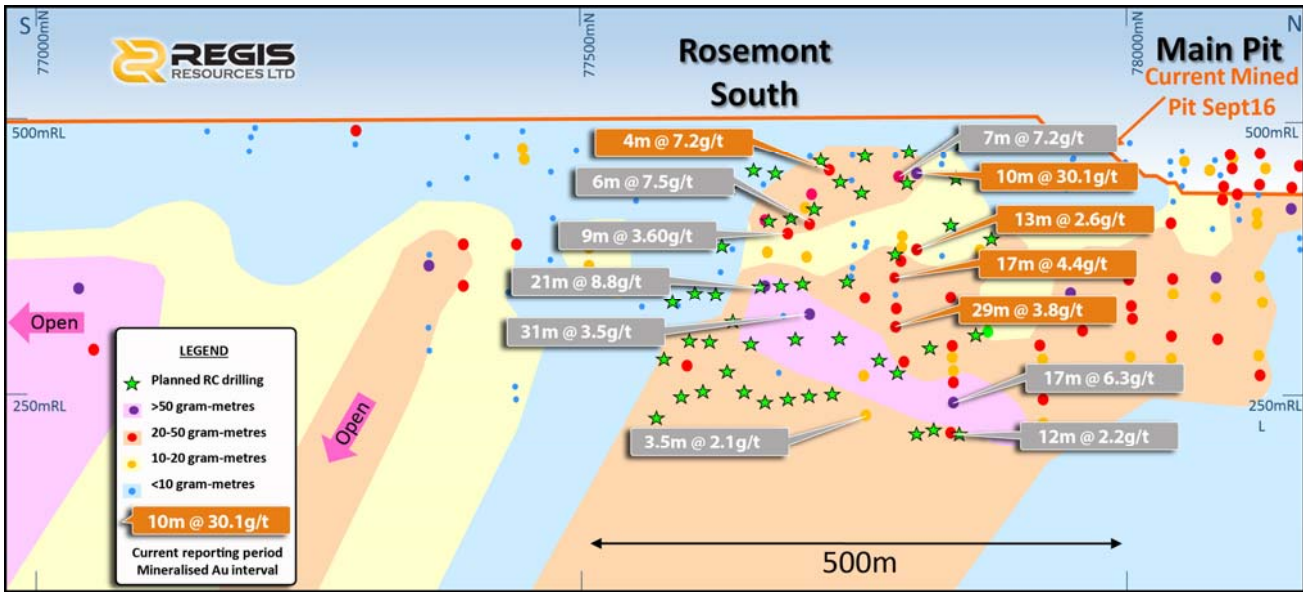
An RC drill programme undertaken by the Rosemont operations team during the quarter at Rosemont South aimed to test the close-range continuity of the interpreted high-grade ore shoots over a strike length of 500 metres in and beyond the current southern limit of the Main Pit. The known high grade ore shoots lie between 50-300 metres below surface.

Drilling is designed to test for both open pit and potential underground mine extensions. Hole depths range from 60 metres to 360 metres. All holes were planned to test the entire width of the quartz dolerite unit. There remains approximately 10 holes for 2,000m metres of drilling to complete phase 1 of the Rosemont South drill program which is expected to be completed in the current quarter. A second phase of drilling (12 holes for 3,890m) is planned to commence later this quarter.

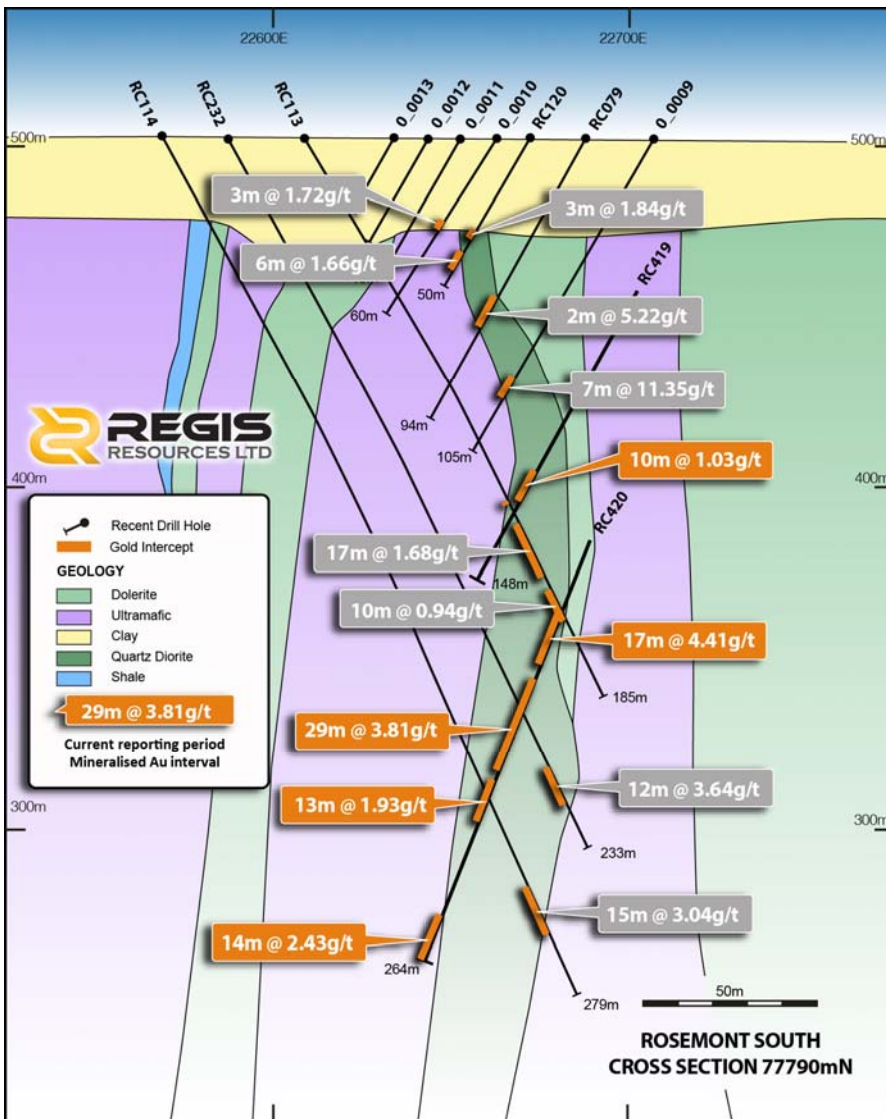
A total of 47 holes were drilled for 4,643 metres over a strike distance of 500 metres. Significant results returned in the September 2016 quarter include:

- **10m @ 30.11g/t Au from 48m** in hole RLLRMRC366
- **4m @ 7.72g/t Au from 52m** RLLRMRC368
- **13m @ 2.61g/t Au from 126m** RLLRMRC418 (outside reserve)
- **17m @ 4.41g/t Au from 153m** RLLRMRC420 (outside reserve)
- **29m @ 3.81g/t Au from 175m** RLLRMRC420 (outside reserve)
 - Including:
 - 5m @ 8.54g/t Au from 175m (outside reserve)
 - 6m @ 4.95g/t Au from 188m (outside reserve)
 - 3m @ 6.92g/t Au from 201m (outside reserve)
- **9m @ 3.60g/t Au from 107m** RLLRMRC428

Current quarter and selected historical drilling are shown on the following long section:



A cross section showing some of the September 2016 drill intercepts is shown below.

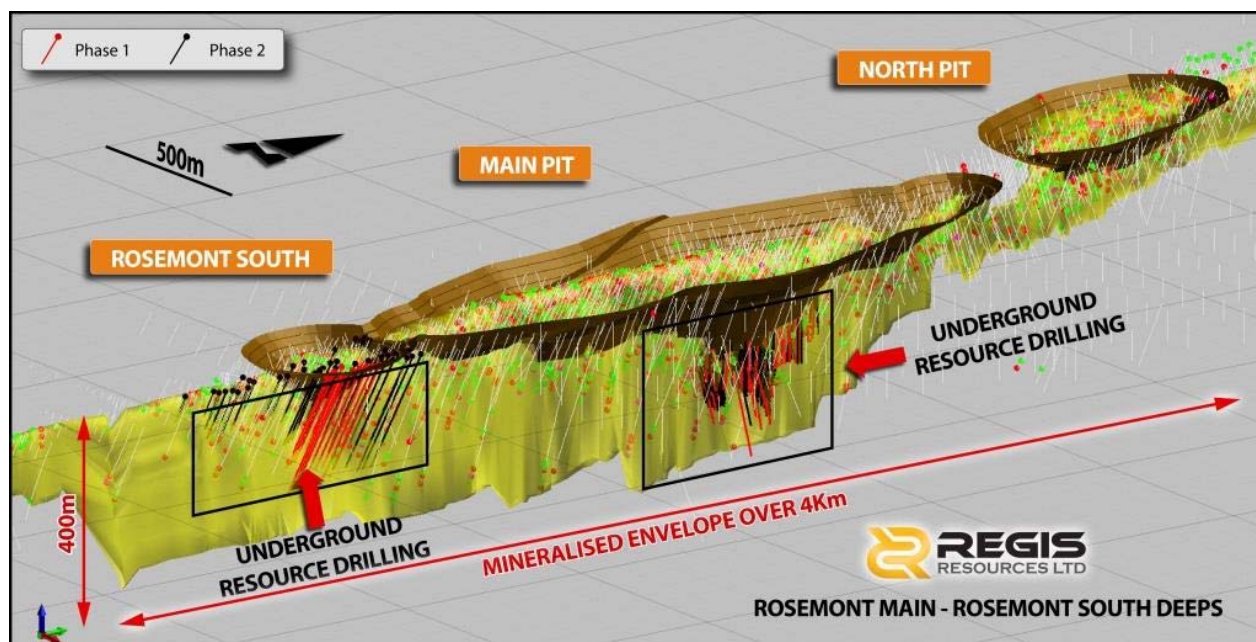


On completion and assessment of the phase 1 drilling programme results, a phase 2 RC program at Rosemont South is expected to commence late this quarter. Again the objective will be to define both potential open pit and underground resources up to 500 metres from the existing Rosemont open pit.

Rosemont Main Pit Underground Resource Drilling

In addition to the drill programme at the southern end of the Rosemont Open Pit, a second RC drill programme has commenced since the end of the quarter to test for underground mineralisation below the centre of the main pit where numerous high grade intercepts were recorded during exploration resource development programmes prior to mining. This programme will also leverage off the knowledge of the structural orientation and controls over high grade zones of mineralisation seen in grade control drilling in the open pit workings immediately above the targeted underground areas.

Phase 1 of the Rosemont Main pit underground drill programme consists of 62 holes for 13,610m and is planned to be drilled from inside the Rosemont Open pit. Drilling from within the open pit considerably shortens the depth of holes required to test 100-200m vertically below the final pit. Shorter holes also allow the use of RC rigs rather than diamond drill rigs. As the drill programme must fit in with current operations, the duration of the drill programme may extend over this current quarter and the next.



3D long section from south east showing planned Rosemont South & Main drilling, phase 1 and 2

Gloster Gold Project

The Gloster gold deposit is located 26km west of Moolart Well and was acquired by Regis in the June 2015 quarter. Gloster was historically mined from 1902-1908 and was extensively drilled from 1984-1996. An updated Resource estimate and maiden Ore Reserve estimate of 226,000 ounces of gold was completed at Gloster during the March 2016 quarter.

During the September 2016 quarter several RC drilling programmes for a total of 42 holes for 3,932 metres were completed. Drilling targeted waste dump sterilisation, main pit infill and extensional drill programmes to the north and south of known mineralisation.

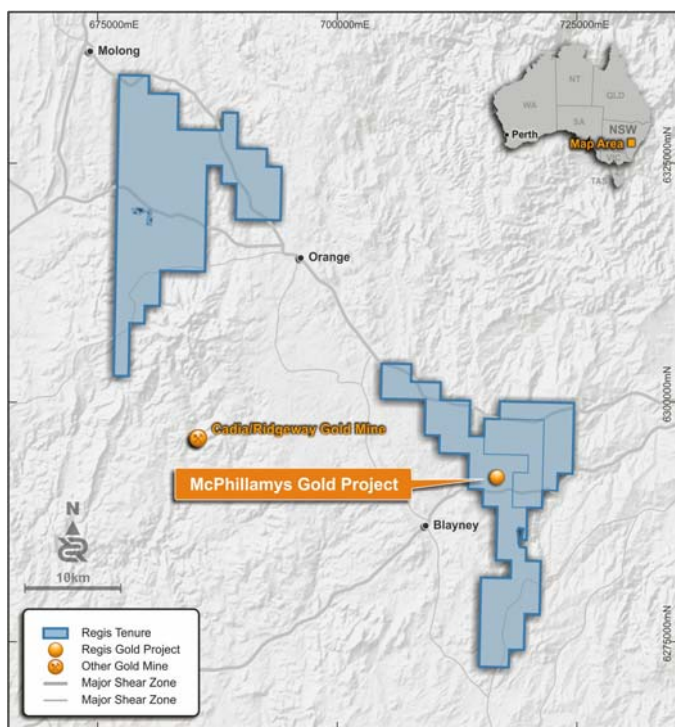
Gold results received from the extensional drilling programme include:

- **2m @ 11.56g/t Au from 44m** in hole RRLGLRC312
- **10m @ 3.95g/t Au from 19m** RRLGLRC313

The results will be interpreted to test the potential for economic gold mineralisation east of the current pit design.

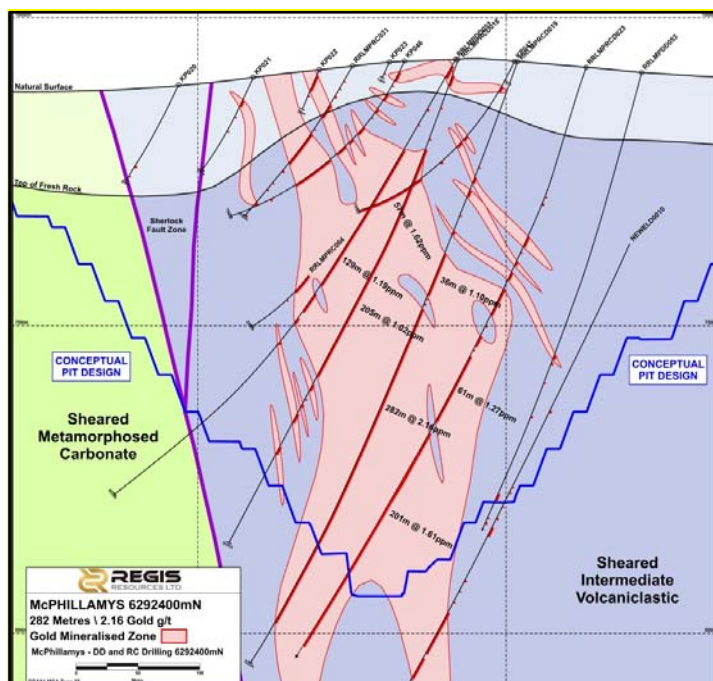
McPhillamys Gold Project NSW

The 100% owned McPhillamys Project is one of Australia's larger undeveloped open pittable gold resource and is located approximately 250km west of Sydney NSW in a well-established mining district. Regis has estimated a MRE of 73.2Mt @ 0.94g/t. Au for 2.2Moz at a 0.4 g/t Au cut-off grade.



McPhillamys Gold Project and NSW Exploration leases location.

An RC/ DD drill programme commenced at the McPhillamys Gold Project at the end of the September 2016 quarter. The aim of the 25,000 metre programme is to infill the current drill pattern to a nominal 50 x 25m spacing for an update to the MRE and ultimately to be used as a basis for a reserve estimation. It is also designed to look for high grade extensions to the mineralisation at depth.



McPhillamys Gold Project Cross Section 6292400mN.

At present two diamond rigs are on site with an RC rig expected to be added this quarter once the weather improves. A total of 2 holes were drilled for 942 metres. Due to weather restrictions on drill pad access only two holes were able to be drilled during the quarter and were at the edge of known mineralisation.

The planned drilling programme will also be utilised to provide diamond core for further metallurgical and geotechnical studies. The drill programme is anticipated to take 5-6 months to complete.

Duketon Gold Exploration Joint Venture (Regis Earning 75%)

Lag Sampling (E38/2231, 2666, 2699, 2737)

A total of 587 (-6+2mm) infill lag soil samples were collected in the September 2016 quarter on the Duketon Gold Exploration JV tenements to complete the geochemical survey programme. The infill lag sampling across mineralised trends was completed on a 100m x 50m grid to follow up anomalies highlighted in the first pass lag sampling program completed in 2015.

Gold and pathfinder element results have been received for all of the samples collected. Contouring of gold results has been completed. Numerous +75ppb Au gold anomalies of interest have been defined that require further investigation and follow up Air Core drilling is underway as outlined below.

Petra North

The Petra North project is located immediately adjacent to Regis' 100% owned Petra project which has a reported JORC 2012 Resource of 44,000 ounces. A follow up air core drill programme was designed to test intercepts received in the first air core program last quarter. 46 AC holes have been completed for 4,506 metres.

Gold results received from this drilling programme include:

- **3m @ 6.12g/t Au from 64m** in hole RRLPTRAC559
- **3m @ 11.72g/t Au from 74m** RRLPTRAC560
- **2m @ 11.03g/t Au from 62m** RRLPTRAC562

Infill drilling is planned around these encouraging intercepts.

At Petra and Petra North, the basement rocks are dominated by an uninterrupted sequence of felsic and intermediate composition andesites and dacites. The volcanic rocks have been moderately to strongly metamorphosed into variably chloritised quartz sericite schists with occasional pyrite mineralisation. Weathering extends generally to between 50 and 80 metres and occasionally to in excess of 100 metres depth.

Mineralisation at Petra North appears to consist of supergene enriched gold, interpreted to be the result of complex weathering fronts around the hypogene ore.

Hacks Bore Project

The Hacks Bore Project is located 6 kilometres north along strike of Regis' 100% owned Garden Well mining operation. A first pass broad spaced air core drill programme of 55 holes for 4,385 metres tested the Garden Well to Moolart Well shear zone located under a paleochannel for approximately 2 kilometres of strike. The programme did not return any significant assays and testing for chert hosted mineralisation east of the tested shear zone is planned for the current quarter.

Commonwealth

The Commonwealth project is located immediately 7 kilometres north of the Petra North Prospect. Lag sampling has defined a 3 kilometre (north-south) x 1.5 kilometre, +75ppb gold anomaly with peak values of +1ppm Au.

A wide spaced (circa 400m by 160m) first pass air core drill programme was designed to test the anomaly. 101 AC holes have been completed for 9,674 metres. Gold results received from this drilling programme to date include:

- **4m @ 4.07g/t Au from 56m** in hole RRLCMAC024
- **4m @ 2.08g/t Au from 56m** RRLCMAC027
- **8m @ 1.12g/t Au from 72m** RRLCMAC056
- **4m @ 2.65g/t Au from 56m** RRLCMAC082

Follow up drilling will be assessed once all assays have been returned.

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT

The information in this report that relates to exploration results is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation that has been compiled by Mr Peter Woodman who is a member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Woodman has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the 'Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Woodman is a full time employee of Regis Resources Ltd and consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to the Company's Resources and Ore Reserves is extracted from the ASX announcement released on 7 July 2016 entitled "Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Statement as at 31 March 2016" and for which Competent Person's consents were obtained.

The information in this report that relates to the Tooheys Well Resource is extracted from the ASX announcement released on 29 July 2016 entitled "Maiden Resource of 547,000 Ounces at Tooheys Well Gold Deposit" and for which Competent Person's consents were obtained.

The reports are available to view on the ASX website and on the Company's website at www.regisresources.com.au. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement, and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, that all market assumptions and technical assumptions underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

The Competent Person's consents remain in place for subsequent releases by the Company of the same information in the same form and context, until the consent is withdrawn or replaced by a subsequent report and accompanying consent.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This ASX announcement may contain forward looking statements that are subject to risk factors associated with gold exploration, mining and production businesses. It is believed that the expectations reflected in these statements are reasonable but they may be affected by a variety of variables and changes in underlying assumptions which could cause actual results or trends to differ materially, including but not limited to price fluctuations, actual demand, currency fluctuations, drilling and production results, Reserve estimations, loss of market, industry competition, environmental risks, physical risks, legislative, fiscal and regulatory changes, economic and financial market conditions in various countries and regions, political risks, project delay or advancement, approvals and cost estimates.

Forward-looking statements, including projections, forecasts and estimates, are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as an indication or guarantee of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside the control of Regis Resources Ltd. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance and no representation or warranty is made as to the likelihood of achievement or reasonableness of any forward looking statements or other forecast.

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Mr Ross Kestel (Non-Executive Director)
Mr James Mactier (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary and CFO

Mr Kim Massey

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ASX Listed Securities (as at 30 September 2016)

Security	Code	No. Quoted
Ordinary Shares	RRL	500,979,274

APPENDIX 1

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<p><i>Sampling techniques</i></p>	<p><i>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</i></p>	<p>Gloster: The Gloster gold deposit was sampled using Reverse Circulation (RC) drill holes on a nominal 25m east by 25m north initial grid spacing which were drilled angled -60 degrees to 244 degrees azimuth.</p> <p>Rosemont South: The Rosemont gold deposit was sampled using Reverse Circulation (RC) drill holes on a nominal 20m east by 20m north initial grid spacing angled -60 degrees to 254 degrees.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore & Commonwealth: The Petra North & Commonwealth Prospects were sampled using Air Core (AC) drill holes with the majority of holes on a nominal 100m (400m for Commonwealth) east by 160m north initial grid spacing, which were drilled angled -60 degrees at 090 azimuth.</p> <p>Tooheys Well: The Tooheys Well gold prospect was sampled using Reverse Circulation (RC), drill holes on a nominal 20m east spaced holes on 40m north and 80m north initial grid spacing, which were drilled angled -60 degrees to 270 degrees.</p> <p>McPhillamys: The McPhillamys gold deposit was sampled using Diamond Drilling (DD) drill holes on a nominal 25m east by 50m north initial grid spacing, which were drilled angled -60 degrees to 270 degrees azimuth.</p> <p>All Projects: Regis drill hole collar locations were picked up by site-based authorised surveyors using Trimble RTK GPS. Downhole surveying was measured by using either a Reflex EZ-Shot Downhole Survey Instrument or North Seeking Gyro based tool</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</i></p>	<p>where magnetic host rock would affect azimuth readings. The surveys were completed every 30m down each drill hole.</p> <p>Core is aligned and measured by tape, comparing back to down hole core blocks consistent with industry practice.</p> <p>Regis drill hole sampling had certified standards and blanks inserted every 25th sample to assess the accuracy and methodology of the external laboratories, and field duplicates (RC only) were inserted every 20th sample to assess the repeatability and variability of the gold mineralisation. Laboratory duplicates were also completed approximately every 15th sample to assess the precision of the laboratory as well as the repeatability and variability of the gold mineralisation. Results of the QAQC sampling were considered acceptable for an Archaean gold deposit.</p> <p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: For the Regis RC and AC drilling 1m samples were obtained by cone splitter (2.5kg – 3.0kg) and were utilised for lithology logging and assaying. The drilling samples were dried, crushed and pulverised to get 85% passing 75µm and were all Fire Assayed using a 50g charge (SGS, Bureau Veritas, Min Analytical and Aurum). 4m field composites were sampled using a spear on the individual 1m samples at Hacks Bore and Commonwealth.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: Diamond drilling completed to industry standard using varying sample lengths (0.3 to 1.2m) based on geological intervals, which are then dried, crushed and pulverised to get 85% passing 75µm and were all Fire Assayed using a 50g charge (ALS-Orange).</p>
<p>Drilling techniques</p>	<p><i>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i></p>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: RC drilling completed with a 139mm diameter face sampling hammer AC drilling was completed with an 89mm diameter AC blade bit.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: Surface diamond drilling carried out by using both NQ3 or HQ32 (triple tube) and NQ2 or HQ2 (standard tube) techniques. Core is routinely orientated by REFLEX ACT III tool.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Drill sample recovery</i>	<i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: RC and AC recovery was visually assessed, with recovery being excellent except in some wet intervals which are recorded on logs. <1% of the overall mineralised zones have been recorded as wet.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: DD core was measured and compared to the drilled intervals, and recorded as a percentage recovery</p>
	<i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: RC and AC samples were visually checked for recovery, moisture and contamination. The drilling contractor utilised a cyclone and splitter to provide uniform sample size, and these were cleaned routinely (cleaned at the end of each rod and more frequently in wet conditions). A booster was also used in conjunction with the RC drill rig to ensure dry samples are achieved.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: The target zones ranged from oxidised rock near surface where recoveries were lower to highly competent fresh rock, where the DD method provided high recovery.</p>
	<i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: Sample recoveries for RC and AC drilling are visually estimated to be medium to high. No significant bias is expected although no recovery and grade correlation study was completed.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: The DD drill sample recovery in the transitional and fresh rock zones is very high, and no significant bias is expected. Recoveries in the oxidised rock were lower.</p>
<i>Logging</i>	<i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate</i>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: Lithology, alteration, veining, mineralisation and, on some holes, magnetic susceptibility were logged from the RC chips and saved in the database. Chips</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i></p>	<p>from every interval are also placed in chip trays and stored in a designated building at site for future reference.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: Lithology, alteration, veining, mineralisation and geotechnical information were logged from the DD core and saved in the database. Half core from every interval are also retained in the core trays and stored in a designated building at site for future reference.</p>
	<p><i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i></p>	<p>All logging is qualitative except for magnetic susceptibility and geotechnical measurements. Wet and dry photographs were completed on the core.</p>
	<p><i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i></p>	<p>All drill holes are logged in full.</p>
<p><i>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</i></p>	<p><i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i></p>	<p>McPhillamys diamond: Core was half cut with a diamond core saw with the same half always sampled and the surplus retained in the core trays. Non-competent clay zones are sampled as whole core where necessary due to difficulty in cutting.</p>
	<p><i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i></p>	<p>The RC and AC drilling utilised a cyclone and cone splitter to consistently produce 0.5kg to 3.0kg dry samples.</p>
	<p><i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i></p>	<p>Samples are dried, crushed to 10mm, and then pulverised to 85% passing 75µm (industry standard practice is assumed for the historical drilling). This is considered acceptable for an Archaean gold deposit.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i></p>	<p>Field duplicates (RC, AC) were inserted every 20th sample to assess the repeatability and variability of the gold mineralisation. Laboratory duplicates were also completed roughly every 15th sample to assess the repeatability and variability of the gold mineralisation.</p> <hr/> <p>Field RC duplicates (RC, AC) were taken at the rig from a second chute on the cone splitter allowing for the duplicate and main sample to be the same size and sampling technique. Field duplicates are taken every 20th sample. Laboratory duplicates (sample preparation split) were also completed roughly every 15th sample.</p> <p>Field duplicates on core, i.e. other half of cut core, have not been routinely assayed.</p> <hr/> <p>Sample sizes (1.0kg to 3kg) are considered to be a sufficient size to accurately represent the gold mineralisation based on the mineralisation style (hypogene) associated with shearing and supergene enrichment), the width and continuity of the intersections, the sampling methodology, the coarse gold variability and the assay ranges for the gold.</p> <p>Field duplicates have routinely been collected to ensure monitoring of the sub-sampling quality. Acceptable precision and accuracy is noted in the field duplicates albeit the precision is marginally acceptable and consistent with a coarse gold Archaean gold deposit.</p>
<p><i>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</i></p>	<p><i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i></p>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: All gold assaying was completed by external commercial laboratories (SGS, Bureau Veritas, Min Analytical and Aurum) using either a 40g or 50g charge for fire assay analysis with AAS finish. This technique is industry standard for gold and considered appropriate.</p> <p>McPhillamys diamond: All gold assaying will be completed by commercial laboratories (ALS-Orange, NSW) using either a 40g or 50g charge for fire assay analysis with AAS finish. This technique is industry standard for gold and considered appropriate.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i></p>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth & Tooheys Well: Apart from magnetic susceptibility in targeted zones, no other geophysical measurements were routinely made.</p> <p>Certified Reference Material (CRM or standards) and blanks were inserted every 25th sample to assess the assaying accuracy of the external laboratories. Field duplicates (RC, AC) were inserted every 20th sample to assess the repeatability from the field and variability of the gold mineralisation. Laboratory duplicates were also completed approximately every 15th sample to assess the precision of assaying.</p> <p>Evaluation of both the Regis submitted standards, and the internal laboratory quality control data, indicates assaying to be accurate and without significant drift for significant time periods. Excluding obvious errors, the vast majority of the CRM assaying report shows an overall mean bias of less than 5% with no consistent positive or negative bias noted. Duplicate assaying show high levels of correlation and no apparent bias between the duplicate pairs. Field duplicate samples show marginally acceptable levels of correlation and no relative bias.</p> <p>Results of the QAQC sampling were considered acceptable for an Archaean gold deposit. Substantial focus has been given to ensuring sampling procedures met industry best practise to ensure acceptable levels of accuracy and precision were achieved in a coarse gold environment.</p>
<p><i>Verification of sampling and assaying</i></p>	<p><i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>The use of twinned holes.</i></p>	<p>No independent personnel have visually inspected the significant intersections in RC chips. Numerous highly qualified and experienced company personnel from exploration and production positions have visually inspected the significant intersections in RC chips.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore and Commonwealth: No twinning of holes was completed at this stage.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i></p> <p><i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i></p>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, &Tooheys Well: The spatial location and assaying accuracy of historical drilling was confirmed with RC and/or DD twin holes. The Regis RC drilling spatial location and assaying accuracy was also twinned by Regis DD holes.</p> <p>All geological and field data is entered into excel spreadsheets with lookup tables and fixed formatting (and protected from modification) thus only allowing data to be entered using the Regis geological code system and sample protocol. Data is then emailed to the Regis database administrator for validation and importation into a SQL database using Datashed.</p> <p>Any samples not assayed (i.e. destroyed in processing, listed not received) have had the assay value converted to a -9 in the database. Any samples assayed below detection limit (0.01 ppm Au) have been converted to 0.005 ppm (half detection limit) in the database.</p>
<p><i>Location of data points</i></p>	<p><i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i></p> <p><i>Specification of the grid system used.</i></p>	<p>Regis drill hole collar locations were picked up by site-based authorized surveyors using Trimble RTK GPS, calibrated to a base station (expected accuracy of 20mm).</p> <p>Downhole surveying was measured by using either a Reflex EZ-Shot Downhole Survey Instrument or North Seeking Gyro based tool where magnetic host rock would affect azimuth readings</p> <p>The surveys were completed every 30m down each drill hole.</p> <p>The grid system is and AMG Zone 51 (AGD 84) for surveying pickups, as well as any modelling at Coopers, Gloster and Tooheys Well. Modelling at Baneygo and Idaho is completed using a local grid, with conversion of digital data from AMG to local completed using macros.</p> <p>McPhillamys</p> <p>The grid system is and GDA94 Zone 55 for surveying pickups, as well as any modelling.</p>
	<p><i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i></p>	<p>The topographic surface for all projects were derived from a combination of the primary drill hole pickups and the pre-existing photogrammetric contouring.</p>
	<p><i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i></p>	<p>Gloster:</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<p><i>Data spacing and distribution</i></p>		<p>The drilling completed this period reduced the effective spacing to 25 metres (east) by 25 metres (north) to a depth of 100 metres from surface.</p> <p>Rosemont South: The drilling completed this period is the start of reducing the effective spacing to 20 metres (east) by 20 metres (north) to a depth of 300 metres from surface.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore and Commonwealth: The initial reconnaissance AC drill hole spacing was ranged from 160-400m (northing) by 160m (easting). The drilling depth was generally to blade refusal i.e. top of fresh rock.</p> <p>Tooheys Well: The infill drilling completed this period reduced the effective spacing to 20 metres (east) by 20 metres (north) to a depth of 250 metres from surface in selected parts of the deposit.</p> <p>McPhillamys: Current plan is to reduce sample spacing to 25mx25m in selected parts of the deposit</p>
	<p><i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i></p>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Tooheys Well & McPhillamys: The planned data spacing and distribution is sufficient to demonstrate spatial and grade continuity of the mineralised domains to support the definition of Inferred and Indicated Mineral Resources under the 2012 JORC code once all other modifying factors have been addressed.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore & Commonwealth: The data spacing and distribution is sufficient to for a reconnaissance exploration drilling program designed to test for extensions to known mineralisation to the south</p>
	<p><i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i></p>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Commonwealth, Tooheys Well & McPhillamys: No sample compositing has been applied in the field within the mineralised zones.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore & Commonwealth: 4m compositing was used in the wider spaced drill programmes.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i>	Drilling is orientated to best suit the mineralisation to be closely perpendicular to both the strike and dip of the mineralisation. Intercepts are close to true-width in most cases. See cross section diagrams
	<i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i>	It is not believed that drilling orientation has introduced a sampling bias.
Sample security	<i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i>	<p>Samples are securely sealed and stored onsite, until delivery to Perth via contract freight Transport, who then deliver the samples directly to the laboratory. Sample submission forms are sent with the samples as well as emailed to the laboratory, and are used to keep track of the sample batches.</p> <p>McPhillamys</p> <p>Samples are securely sealed and stored onsite, until pickup by ALS truck and delivery to Orange laboratory. Sample submission forms are sent with the samples as well as emailed to the laboratory, and are used to keep track of the sample batches.</p>
Audits or reviews	<i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i>	<p>Gloster, Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth, Tooheys Well & McPhillamys:</p> <p>No external audits on sampling techniques and data have been completed.</p>

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<p><i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i></p>	<p><i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i></p> <p><i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i></p>	<p>Gloster: The Gloster deposit is located on the recently granted tenement M38/1268, an area of 905.29ha.</p> <p>Normal Western Australian state royalties apply and a further royalty of between A\$10-\$100/troy ounce dependant on the gold price (A\$) is payable on a quarterly basis to a third party.</p> <p>Current registered holder of the tenement is Regis Resources Limited. There are no registered Native Title Claims.</p> <p>Rosemont South: The Rosemont South prospect is located on (M38/250). Current registered holders of the tenements are Regis Resources Ltd & Duketon Resources Pty Ltd (100% subsidiary of Regis Resources). Area = 159ha. Normal Western Australian state royalties apply plus there is a 2% Royalty to Franco Nevada. There are no registered Native Title Claims.</p> <p>Petra North: The Petra North prospect is E38/2737–57 blocks (actual 13,068.1127ha). Owner is Duketon Mining Ltd. Native title claimant– Wutha (WC1999/010) – partial 62.47ha.</p> <p>Hacks Bore The Hacks Bore prospect is E38/2666 blocks (actual 6160ha). Owner is Duketon Mining Ltd. There are no registered Native Title Claims</p> <p>Commonwealth: The Commonwealth prospect is E38/2231–?? blocks (actual 3080ha). Owner is Duketon Mining Ltd. There are no registered Native Title Claims.</p> <p>Tooheys Well: The Tooheys Well prospect comprises M38/1251, an area of 9.109 km² (910.90 hectares). Normal Western Australian state royalties apply and a further 2% NSR</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>royalty exists to a third party. Current registered holders of the tenements are Regis Resources Ltd and Duketon Resources Pty Ltd (100% subsidiary of Regis Resources). There are no registered Native Title Claims.</p> <p>McPhillamys The McPhillamys deposit is located on the recently granted tenement EL5760 granted in 2000., Lease area = 11,760Ha. Current registered holder of the tenement is LFB Resources NL (100% subsidiary of Regis Resources). Normal NSW state royalties apply. There are no registered Native Title Claims.</p>
<p><i>Exploration done by other parties</i></p>	<p><i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i></p>	<p>Gloster: Gloster was discovered in 1902, with no modern exploration work completed until Hillmin Gold Mines Pty Ltd and Aurotech NL conducted mapping, RC drilling, DD and RAB in the mid 1980's, culminating in Resource Estimates and feasibility studies. Leader Resources NL conducted some RC and DD drilling in 1991 before Maiden Gold NL purchase the project in 1994, completing more RC, DD and RAB drilling. In 1995 Johnsons Well Mining acquired the tenements and completed more RC, DD and RAB drilling to infill and extend the Resource.</p> <p>Petra North: Shallow drilling (less than 100m vertical depth) completed by Goldconda 1986 – 1988, Johnsons Well Mining NL 1995 – 1997.</p> <p>Rosemont South: Shallow drilling (less than 100m vertical depth) completed by Aurora, Ashton and Johnsons Well Mining in the 1990's.</p> <p>Tooheys Well: Minor amounts of drilling by Ashton and Johnsons Well Mining was completed although it was mainly shallow and not extensive enough to properly define the mineralisation.</p> <p>McPhillamys Resource development drilling conducted by Newmont and then Alkane Resources in the 1990's</p>
<p><i>Geology</i></p>	<p><i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i></p>	<p>Gloster: Gold mineralisation at Gloster is within a NW-SE trending, east dipping shear zone and associated with flat to moderately east dipping quartz veins hosted in felsic</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>volcanics. A 5m transported cover sequence conceals the gold mineralisation and weathering extends up to 100m depth. Intensive gold leaching has occurred in the uppermost 15m of the weathering profile.</p> <p>Rosemont South: The geology is similar to Rosemont with gold hosted in a steeply east dipping 345° trending quartz-dolerite unit intruding an ultramafic sequence. Gold mineralisation is associated with quartz-carbonate-chlorite-sulphide alteration and is restricted to the quartz dolerite unit which is generally approximately 80m wide. Weathering depths vary from 20m to 50m vertical depth.</p> <p>Hacks Bore: Geology at Hacks Bore appears to consist of sheared ultramafics. A 15m to 20m transported cover sequence conceals the shear zone target and weathering extends up to 100m depth. Drilling to date has tested for gold mineralisation in the oxide zone</p> <p>Petra North and Commonwealth: Gold mineralisation at Petra North and Commonwealth appears to consist of supergene enriched gold, interpreted to be the result of complex weathering fronts around the hypogene ore in quartz sericite schists.</p> <p>Tooheys Well: The gold mineralisation is hosted in a vertical dipping North-South trending Banded Iron Formation (BIF). Gold mineralisation is associated with sulphides (Pyrrhotite) replacing magnetite in the BIF. Weathering depths vary from 20m to 70m vertical depth.</p>
<p><i>Drill hole Information</i></p>	<p><i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</i></p> <p><i>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</i></p> <p><i>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</i></p>	<p>Refer to body of announcement.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>dip and azimuth of the hole</i></p> <p><i>down hole length and interception depth</i></p> <p><i>hole length.</i></p> <p><i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i></p>	
<p><i>Data aggregation methods</i></p>	<p><i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i></p> <p><i>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i></p> <p><i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i></p>	<p>Reported intercepts include a minimum of 0.5 g/t Au value over a minimum distance of 1m with a maximum 2m consecutive internal waste. No upper cuts have been applied.</p>
<p><i>Relationship between mineralization widths and intercept lengths</i></p>	<p><i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i></p> <p><i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i></p> <p><i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').</i></p>	<p>Gloster: The Gloster drill holes were drilled at -60° to 244° and the mineralised zone is moderately dipping to the northeast. The intercepts reported are close to true width.</p> <p>Rosemont South: The Rosemont South drill holes were drilled at -60° to 254° and the mineralised zone is sub-vertical. The intercepts reported are close to true width in some cases, and are not true width where the mineralisation is steepest.</p> <p>Tooheys Well:</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>The Tooheys Well drill holes were drilled at -60° to 270° and the mineralised zone is moderately east dipping. The intercepts reported are close to true width.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore & Commonwealth: The holes at which were drilled angled -60 degrees at 090 azimuths. The intercepts reported are close to true width.</p> <p>McPhillamys: The holes at were drilled at -60° to 270° and the mineralised zone is steeply east dipping. The intercepts reported are can overstate true widths-see cross section supplied.</p>
<i>Diagrams</i>	<i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i>	Refer to the body of the announcement.
<i>Balanced reporting</i>	<i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	A list of all holes drilled during the quarter attached.
<i>Other substantive exploration data</i>	<i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	<p>Rosemont South, Petra North, Hacks Bore, Commonwealth, McPhillamys and Tooheys Well: No other material exploration data to report.</p> <p>McPhillamys: The McPhillamys diamond holes were also utilised for bulk density measurements. Geotechnical logging is in progress for determining ground conditions for open pit mining.</p>
<i>Further work</i>	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i>	<p>Gloster: It is expected some minor follow-up drilling will be required at Gloster in the December 2016 quarter.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p><i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i></p>	<p>Rosemont South: Drilling will continue during the December quarter.</p> <p>Tooheys Well: Drilling will continue in the December 2016 quarter to determine the continuity of gold mineralisation in the eastern shear zone to the south and north.</p> <p>Petra North, Hacks Bore & Commonwealth: Small follow up drill programmes are planned to follow up anomalous results</p> <p>McPhillamys: Drilling will continue during the December quarter. See diagrams in main text</p>

APPENDIX 2

Beamish Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLBMRC001	6909591	436869	510	120	64	67	3	2.17
					71	72	1	1.53
					85	88	3	2.79
RRLBMRC002	6909592	436909	508	144	51	57	6	1.09
					86	87	1	1.53
RRLBMRC004	6909427	436892	510	114	87	89	2	1.62
RRLBMRC005	6909428	436932	508	138	105	106	1	2.72
					111	114	3	1.09
					118	119	1	1.17
RRLBMRC006	6909266	436889	512	84	49	52	3	1.28
					54	55	1	1.01
					62	63	1	1.22
					73	77	4	1.3
RRLBMRC007	6909267	436927	509	102	90	91	1	1.79
RRLBMRC008	6909591	436831	513	90	60	61	1	1.01
RRLBMRC009	6909109	436951	508	152	59	60	1	1.6
RRLBMRC010	6908936	436873	515	72	17	18	1	1.45
RRLBMRC011	6908939	436913	511	108	1	2	1	1.16
					74	79	5	1.37
RRLBMRC012	6908942	436954	508	162	3	4	1	1.01

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					5	6	1	1.12
					134	135	1	1.25
RRLBMRC013	6909108	436913	511	138	1	2	1	1.53
					75	80	5	1.16
Chert Ridge Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLCERC003	6911280	437580	505	203	69	73	4	2.21
					170	171	1	1.7
Commonwealth Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLCMAC002	6943437	424338	547	100	52	56	4	1.07
RRLCMAC009	6943437	424826	542	104	64	68	4	1.29
RRLCMAC019	6943997	425278	541	91	88	91	3	1.09
RRLCMAC024	6943996	424795	542	122	56	60	4	4.07
RRLCMAC025	6943994	424718	542	112	92	96	4	1.55
RRLCMAC027	6943995	424558	542	95	56	60	4	2.08
					68	72	4	1.17
RRLCMAC028	6943994	424480	541	96	68	72	4	1.88
RRLCMAC038	6944798	425468	541	116	44	48	4	1.41
RRLCMAC042	6944797	424828	538	89	80	84	4	2
RRLCMAC056	6945598	424613	537	98	72	80	8	1.12
RRLCMAC067	6944798	425548	543	115	40	44	4	1.17
RRLCMAC082	6944380	425177	542	80	56	60	4	2.65

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RRLCMAC083	6944378	425103	542	69	44	48	4	1.3
RRLCMAC096	6943992	424240	542	96	64	68	4	1.39
Erlistoun Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLERLRC604	6905840	434886	494	44	33	34	1	1.58
RRLERLRC606	6905820	434867	494	53	23	24	1	1.48
					44	45	1	3.21
RRLERLRC608	6905800	434937	494	33	24	25	1	2.71
RRLERLRC610	6905740	434924	493	34	22	23	1	2.87
RRLERLRC611	6905720	434904	494	34	22	23	1	3.37
RRLERLRC612	6905700	434905	494	31	23	27	4	3.69
RRLERLRC613	6905700	434925	493	29	26	27	1	1.63
RRLERLRC614	6905699	434945	493	29	24	26	2	1.19
RRLERLRC616	6905680	434870	494	42	12	13	1	1.37
					29	30	1	3.31
					33	34	1	1.73
RRLERLRC617	6905680	434914	494	32	25	26	1	1.98
RRLERLRC620	6905600	434892	494	31	17	21	4	8.83
RRLERLRC623	6905580	434851	494	47	10	11	1	3.9
					34	35	1	1.68
RRLERLRC625	6905580	434891	494	31	17	21	4	1.29
RRLERLRC627	6905560	434855	494	47	6	7	1	1.5
RRLERLRC627	6905560	434855	494	47	36	38	2	6.92
RRLERLRC630	6905540	434860	494	47	32	34	2	2.69
RRLERLRC631	6905540	434880	494	38	22	23	1	5.31

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RRLERLRC632	6905540	434900	494	31	0	1	1	1.17
					16	19	3	2.09
RRLERLRC633	6905519	434860	494	36	31	34	3	1.89
RRLERLRC635	6905500	434881	494	31	23	26	3	2.84
RRLERLRC636	6905500	434900	493	31	19	21	2	2.48
RRLERLRC638	6905440	434811	494	119	46	48	2	2
RRLERLRC639	6905420	434803	494	97	50	51	1	1.22
					54	55	1	1.35
					57	58	1	1.27
					70	72	2	8.23
RRLERLRC640	6905380	434810	493	97	39	41	2	1.62
					51	54	3	1.19
RRLERLRC641	6905340	434829	493	76	37	40	3	3.48
					44	45	1	1
					57	60	3	1.79
RRLERLRC642	6905340	434890	493	51	25	26	1	1.88
RRLERLRC643	6905320	434871	492	51	31	34	3	2.6
RRLERLRC644	6905300	434906	492	27	20	21	1	1.25
RRLERLRC645	6905260	434821	493	80	68	71	3	4.27
RRLERLRC648	6905180	434803	493	102	33	34	1	7.18
					37	43	6	1.91
					47	48	1	1.22
					51	55	4	4.57
					61	62	1	1.45
					68	69	1	1.54
					75	77	2	3.36
					82	83	1	1.31

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RRLERLRC649	6905180	434861	493	60	29	30	1	8.03
					35	38	3	1.42
RRLERLRC650	6905180	434882	493	60	36	37	1	2.95
RRLERLRC651	6905140	434791	493	84	44	47	3	4.22
					61	65	4	2.54
RRLERLRC652	6905141	434810	493	102	25	28	3	7.06
					57	58	1	1.21
					62	64	2	1.66
					101	102	1	1.01
RRLERLRC654	6905120	434800	493	106	17	19	2	1.09
					37	41	4	23.18
					51	55	4	1.02
					64	66	2	7.58
RRLERLRC656	6905061	434875	492	63	35	36	1	1.01
RRLERLRC658	6905041	434875	492	52	39	40	1	3.12
RRLERLRC659	6905021	434775	492	60	43	45	2	9.33
					49	52	3	3.21
					57	60	3	4.06
RRLERLRC661A	6905001	434778	492	76	39	40	1	3.03
RRLERLRC662	6905000	434864	492	60	42	43	1	2.51
Garden Well Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLGDWE405	6912340	437346	503	72	62	63	1	1.17
Gloster Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			

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Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLGLRC303	6951011	408650	555	66	27	28	1	6.24
					31	32	1	2.26
RRLGLRC304	6949923	408614	547	60	14	15	1	4.24
					34	37	3	1.43
RRLGLRC305	6949941	408585	548	78	31	32	1	1.3
RRLGLRC306	6949949	408604	548	54	26	31	5	1.13
					34	35	1	1.92
RRLGLRC307	6950239	408702	550	42	14	15	1	1.19
RRLGLRC308	6950279	408863	550	36	35	36	1	2.97
RRLGLRC309	6950808	408701	554	54	29	30	1	1.7
RRLGLRC310	6950816	408719	554	48	30	31	1	4.8
RRLGLRC311	6950824	408737	554	42	12	13	1	4.48
					25	27	2	2.2
RRLGLRC312	6950834	408690	554	66	44	46	2	11.56
					50	51	1	1.04
RRLGLRC313	6950850	408726	554	66	3	4	1	1.51
					14	16	2	3.15
					19	29	10	3.95
					32	36	4	2.8
					46	49	3	1.23
RRLGLRC314	6950864	408758	554	48	46	47	1	2.06
RRLGLRC315	6950907	408738	555	30	26	27	1	1.91
RRLGLRC319	6949903	408621	547	60	25	28	3	1.73
RRLGLRC320	6949910	408636	547	78	35	36	1	1.65
					44	45	1	1.18

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RRLGLRC321	6949877	408615	547	48	37	38	1	1.9
RRLGLRC322	6949884	408630	547	66	49	51	2	2.14
RRLGLRC323	6949893	408649	547	84	31	32	1	4.08
					41	42	1	1.34
					55	56	1	1.48
					82	83	1	1.14
RRLGLRC326	6950553	409491	555	90	20	21	1	1.03
RRLGLRC332	6950195	408976	550	84	58	59	1	1
RRLGLRC333	6950205	408999	550	90	46	47	1	1.26
					60	62	2	1.57
					82	83	1	1.49
RRLGLRC335	6950150	408937	550	54	43	44	1	1.66
RRLGLRC338	6950196	408670	549	42	20	21	1	1.82
					26	27	1	1.06
					39	40	1	1.15
RRLGLRC339	6950205	408692	550	54	23	29	6	2.67
					37	38	1	1.25
RRLGLRC344	6950872	408775	555	60	22	23	1	2.46
RRLGLRC346	6950841	408774	554	54	5	6	1	2.38
RRLGLRC347	6950805	408763	554	54	29	30	1	1.71
RRLGLRC350	6950222	408734	550	72	35	36	1	1.45
					53	54	1	1.19
RRLGLRC351	6950182	409010	550	90	75	76	1	4.32
RRLGLRC353	6950066	408717	548	66	27	28	1	2.07
RRLGLRC355	6949999	408718	548	66	50	51	1	1.46
RRLGLRC358	6949952	408740	547	78	17	18	1	1.65
					64	65	1	1.77

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RRLGLRC360	6949975	408791	548	108	31	36	5	2.83
RRLGLRC361	6949983	408809	548	66	29	32	3	1.65
RRLGLRC362	6949996	408836	548	66	49	50	1	1.18
RRLGLRC363	6949895	408738	547	60	52	53	1	1.35
RRLGLRC364	6949906	408761	547	78	58	59	1	1.55
RRLGLRC365	6949917	408785	547	96	8	10	2	1.59
					26	30	4	1.9
RRLGLRC366	6949929	408809	547	108	25	26	1	2.77
					33	34	1	1.83
RRLGLRC367	6949938	408828	548	96	44	45	1	1.16
RRLGLRC368	6949950	408853	548	102	29	30	1	1.34
					39	40	1	1.36
RRLGLWE021	6950864	408289	550	100	82	83	1	2.33
McPhillamys Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLMPDD084	6292655	716025	942	524	26	27	1	2.25
					35	37	2	1.29
					57	59	2	1.31
					273	274	1	1.8
					313	314	1	1.07
					339	340	1	1.05
RRLMPDD085	6292605	715028	946	471	66	67	1	1.98
Petra Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			

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Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLPTRAC552	6937700	426569	539	80	54	55	1	2.7
					62	63	1	1.11
					73	74	1	2.12
RRLPTRAC553	6937701	426548	539	91	86	87	1	1.4
RRLPTRAC554	6937701	426528	539	84	60	64	4	1.12
RRLPTRAC558	6937699	426448	539	109	53	56	3	4.69
					85	86	1	1.38
RRLPTRAC559	6937699	426427	539	100	64	67	3	6.12
					70	72	2	1.86
RRLPTRAC560	6937698	426408	539	100	49	50	1	1.76
					74	77	3	11.72
RRLPTRAC561	6937698	426388	539	113	64	65	1	8.8
RRLPTRAC562	6937697	426367	539	112	62	64	2	11.03
RRLPTRAC564	6937735	426487	539	92	44	45	1	2.82
RRLPTRAC565	6937735	426447	539	106	52	53	1	2.3
RRLPTRAC566	6937736	426407	539	107	47	52	5	1.26
					62	63	1	1.5
RRLPTRAC571	6937773	426468	540	101	51	52	1	1.98
					57	58	1	2.74
RRLPTRAC573	6937776	426391	540	95	43	44	1	1.41
					56	57	1	1.56
RRLPTRAC576	6937776	426369	540	104	24	25	1	1.14
Rosemont Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			

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Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLRMRC366	6918918	428952	502	71	40	43	3	1.67
					48	58	10	30.11
RRLRMRC367	6918833	428951	502	61	34	35	1	1.29
					39	40	1	6.16
RRLRMRC368	6918840	428970	502	96	23	26	3	1.37
					31	32	1	1.82
					52	56	4	7.72
RRLRMRC369	6918845	428989	502	122	89	91	2	1.43
					93	94	1	1.35
RRLRMRC378	6918658	429064	500	70	34	36	2	4.67
					45	46	1	1.06
					67	68	1	1.07
RRLRMRC379	6918599	429077	500	47	25	30	5	5.6
					44	45	1	3.06
RRLRMRC380	6918572	429090	500	47	29	31	2	3.79
RRLRMRC381	6918577	429109	500	69	55	56	1	1.74
RRLRMRC382	6918593	429149	500	111	53	54	1	1.1
RRLRMRC383	6918548	429153	499	111	103	104	1	1.13
RRLRMRC384	6918515	429110	500	37	11	13	2	1.2
					17	22	5	1.21
RRLRMRC385	6918520	429128	500	64	40	42	2	3.27
RRLRMRC386	6918525	429147	500	91	60	61	1	1.81
RRLRMRC387	6918476	429120	499	35	6	7	1	1.92
RRLRMRC388	6918482	429139	499	58	9	10	1	1.36
					34	38	4	1.09

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					46	47	1	5.6
RRLRMRC389	6918460	429135	499	37	6	7	1	3.2
RRLRMRC391	6918441	429140	499	36	7	8	1	4
RRLRMRC392	6918446	429160	499	60	50	54	4	1.14
					58	59	1	1.34
RRLRMRC393	6918423	429152	500	36	9	16	7	1.87
RRLRMRC396	6921485	427617	506	182	44	48	4	5.01
					52	53	1	40
					56	58	2	4.04
					61	65	4	5.55
					69	70	1	16.8
					74	75	1	1.87
					86	87	1	2.18
RRLRMRC398	6921765	427355	508	100	1	2	1	1.6
					40	42	2	1.5
					74	75	1	4.8
RRLRMRC400	6921740	427339	508	123	93	94	1	1.3
					97	98	1	1.39
RRLRMRC401	6921732	427383	508	84	57	58	1	1.25
					60	61	1	1.9
RRLRMRC402	6921725	427345	508	125	58	59	1	5.44
					96	97	1	1.02
RRLRMRC403	6921711	427383	507	92	6	7	1	1.46
					61	64	3	7.78
					81	82	1	3.92
RRLRMRC404	6921700	427406	507	80	54	57	3	3.53
RRLRMRC405	6921691	427368	507	124	48	49	1	4.08

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RRLRMRC408	6921656	427409	507	120	5	11	6	1.14
					70	73	3	1.58
					81	85	4	3.68
					90	92	2	2.62
RRLRMRC409	6921643	427436	507	80	62	63	1	2.19
RRLRMRC410	6921618	427422	507	133	67	69	2	3.43
					83	84	1	5.76
					90	94	4	3.07
RRLRMRC411	6921584	427437	506	120	97	103	6	2.81
RRLRMRC412	6921539	427491	506	112	74	76	2	18.48
					80	83	3	1.72
RRLRMRC413	6921501	427525	506	113	34	35	1	5.12
					68	69	1	6.32
					75	81	6	3.4
RRLRMRC414	6921517	427502	505	123	58	59	1	1.9
					79	80	1	6.4
					95	96	1	1.1
RRLRMRC416	6918907	428912	503	52	20	21	1	1.22
RRLRMRC418	6918934	429008	502	161	126	139	13	2.61
RRLRMRC419	6918910	428999	502	148	43	44	1	1.07
					115	121	6	1.33
					129	130	1	19.4
RRLRMRC420	6918915	429019	502	264	153	170	17	4.41
					175	204	29	3.81
					213	214	1	1.11
					217	220	3	6.43
					227	228	1	1.92

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					252	253	1	1.07
					256	257	1	1.42
					260	264	4	6.91
RRLRMRC421	6918884	428981	502	94	51	52	1	1.04
					54	55	1	1.16
					78	86	8	1.52
RRLRMRC422	6918889	429000	502	145	32	33	1	1.07
					109	115	6	2.21
					119	120	1	9.76
					126	127	1	8.24
RRLRMRC423	6918850	428932	502	50	32	33	1	1.1
RRLRMRC425	6918851	429010	502	160	128	129	1	9.76
					144	145	1	1.29
					153	154	1	3.86
RRLRMRC426	6918797	428964	501	74	39	40	1	1.07
					44	45	1	1.04
					49	50	1	1.7
RRLRMRC427	6918802	428984	501	90	63	64	1	4.32
					67	68	1	1.02
					75	79	4	1.22
					82	84	2	11.57
RRLRMRC428	6918808	429005	501	129	94	104	10	1.61
					107	116	9	3.6
					120	121	1	1.1
RRLRMRC429	6918794	429032	501	160	140	144	4	2.65
					156	157	1	3.39
RRLRMRC431	6918773	429029	501	169	132	134	2	2.38

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					138	139	1	4.48
					159	160	1	1.13
Tooheys Well Collar Location					Intersection >1.0 ppm Au and >1g/t Au*m			
Hole ID	X	Y	Z	Total Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (ppm)
RRLTWRC035	6909259	437880	508	273	173	176	3	1.23
					252	253	1	1
RRLTWRC089	6909378	437901	509	278	239	243	4	3.19
					254	266	12	2.17
RRLTWRC100	6909178	437878	507	283	219	220	1	1.02
					223	225	2	1.34
					230	235	5	1.68
					247	248	1	1.18
					274	276	2	1.27
RRLTWRC120	6908860	437940	508	213	86	87	1	1.54
RRLTWRC123	6909059	437921	506	273	162	163	1	1.61
					256	257	1	2.06
RRLTWRC130	6909455	437938	509	328	115	116	1	1.1
					126	127	1	1.32
					176	177	1	1.09
					254	255	1	1.95
RRLTWRC132	6908697	438020	507	158	51	53	2	1.91
					63	64	1	1.09
					78	79	1	1.05
					97	98	1	3.03
					107	108	1	2.39

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RRLTWRC138	6909058	437958	507	303	117	118	1	1.46
					162	163	1	1.02
					168	169	1	1.06
					220	224	4	1.24
					232	239	7	1.55
					252	255	3	1.05
RRLTWRC141	6909020	437923	507	248	111	112	1	2.21
					116	117	1	1.05
					155	156	1	1.12
					169	176	7	1.21
					189	190	1	1.07
					194	195	1	1.2
RRLTWRC142	6909020	437962	507	338	68	70	2	2.44
					157	158	1	1.02
					161	165	4	1.11
					236	237	1	1.68
					239	245	6	1.8
RRLTWRC143	6909659	437856	508	198	0	2	2	1.37
					60	63	3	1.55
					74	75	1	1.85
					83	84	1	2.39
					131	132	1	1.54
					161	165	4	1.26
					182	183	1	1.06
RRLTWRC144	6909658	437817	508	164	53	54	1	2.86
					61	62	1	4.16
					85	87	2	2.06

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					119	120	1	1.01
RRLTWRC145	6909580	437820	508	168	86	87	1	1.35
					116	117	1	2.23
					125	134	9	2.54
RRLTWRC147	6909139	437918	506	303	111	112	1	1.07
					116	117	1	1.13
					120	124	4	1.28
					135	140	5	1.35
					151	157	6	1.15
					179	180	1	1.56
					187	192	5	1.14
					207	208	1	1.76
RRLTWRC148	6909180	437959	507	358	90	91	1	2.47
					97	98	1	1.21
					150	151	1	2.36
					176	188	12	1.75
					192	193	1	1.34
					195	197	2	1.15
					201	203	2	1.48
					210	218	8	1.32
					226	251	25	2.25
					255	256	1	1.14
					258	263	5	1.1
					274	280	6	2.81
					283	285	2	1.37
					292	293	1	1.02
					305	319	14	3.02

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					333	334	1	3.09
RRLTWRC150	6909440	437759	507	98	17	18	1	2
					57	60	3	1.62
					65	68	3	1.73
					71	74	3	1.2
RRLTWRC151	6909440	437779	508	88	53	58	5	2.55
					73	78	5	1.32
RRLTWRC152	6909439	437799	508	138	58	65	7	1.36
					82	83	1	8.96
					87	97	10	2.12
RRLTWRC153	6909440	437820	508	158	51	55	4	1.66
					59	65	6	1.24
					108	116	8	1.9
RRLTWRC154	6909440	437840	508	188	44	46	2	1.59
					49	56	7	5.21
					60	61	1	1.62
					120	123	3	1.77
					132	138	6	2.02
					144	145	1	1.87
RRLTWRC155	6909740	437738	505	128	57	58	1	1.44
					66	68	2	2.14
					107	108	1	1.34
RRLTWRC156	6909738	437812	507	188	52	53	1	5.2
RRLTWRC157	6909220	437958	508	328	51	55	4	3.07
					147	148	1	2.07
					176	178	2	2.03
					188	190	2	1.78

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					194	195	1	1
					201	202	1	2.18
					213	214	1	1.44
					231	243	12	2.46
					251	276	25	3.41
					290	305	15	2.27
RRLTWRC158	6909336	437900	508	273	62	65	3	2.78
					128	135	7	1.54
					176	206	30	2.01
RRLTWRC159	6909658	437941	508	178	118	119	1	1.67
					121	122	1	1.13
RRLTWRC160	6909440	437860	508	213	42	43	1	1.18
					52	58	6	3.95
					74	75	1	2.47
					137	139	2	1.4
					148	159	11	2.02
RRLTWRC161	6909159	437821	507	138	0	1	1	1.07
					123	124	1	1.46
RRLTWRC162	6909159	437840	507	158	9	10	1	1.43
					61	62	1	1.02
RRLTWRC163	6909159	437859	507	183	61	62	1	2.34
					67	70	3	1.62
					75	83	8	1.4
RRLTWRC164	6909461	437718	506	98	75	82	7	1.12
RRLTWRC166	6909576	437759	508	88	53	54	1	2.5
					59	68	9	2.71
RRLTWRC167	6909379	437884	509	228	45	46	1	1.95

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					62	64	2	1.28
					94	98	4	1.91
					103	105	2	1.45
					128	130	2	1.63
					161	191	30	2.13
					196	197	1	1.07
RRLTWRC168	6909159	437880	507	198	91	108	17	2.23
					146	148	2	1.53
RRLTWRC169	6909159	437898	506	218	114	119	5	1.96
					124	138	14	1.33
					144	145	1	1.48
					161	162	1	1.14
					167	177	10	2.51
RRLTWRC171	6909160	437940	505	318	87	88	1	1.55
					152	155	3	3.41
					160	161	1	1.11
					165	179	14	1.5
					185	188	3	1.42
					192	224	32	2.83
					229	252	23	1.96
					258	269	11	2.8
					272	274	2	1.02
RRLTWRC172	6909380	437918	505	293	73	74	1	1.54
					78	81	3	3.51
					131	132	1	1.17
					208	209	1	1.2
					212	213	1	1.34

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					218	274	56	2.34
					277	285	8	1.78
RRLTWRC173	6909160	437960	505	348	78	80	2	4.14
					126	127	1	1.46
					153	154	1	1.22
					173	185	12	2.56
					189	195	6	2.1
					208	209	1	1.26
					212	218	6	1.54
					224	225	1	1.79
					230	248	18	2.65
					252	253	1	3.98
					258	263	5	1.18
					272	273	1	1.33
					288	289	1	1.24
					296	299	3	2.41
					310	323	13	3.58
RRLTWRC174	6909020	437717	511	103	59	60	1	1.24
RRLTWRC175	6909020	437780	508	198	92	93	1	1.08
					146	148	2	1.12
					173	174	1	2.03
RRLTWRC176	6909020	437904	506	193	74	75	1	2.18
					85	86	1	1.61
					89	96	7	1.68
					130	131	1	2.79
RRLTWRC178	6909100	437697	508	113	49	52	3	1.02
					54	55	1	1.05

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					65	70	5	1.43
					76	77	1	1.36
					95	97	2	10.62
RRLTWRC179	6909100	437719	507	128	79	85	6	1.39
					91	93	2	1.66
					96	97	1	1.04
RRLTWRC181	6909540	437752	506	158	48	49	1	3.9
					54	55	1	1.1
RRLTWRC182	6909540	437834	506	179	28	30	2	159.26
					34	35	1	1.82
					42	43	1	1.4
					50	51	1	1.09
					53	54	1	1.18
					124	130	6	1.61
					140	141	1	1.05
RRLTWRC183	6909540	437874	506	243	23	24	1	6.31
					61	62	1	2.57
					167	168	1	1.06
					172	173	1	4.01
					177	178	1	1.26
RRLTWRC184	6909620	437700	505	98	75	76	1	1.06
					81	85	4	1.57
RRLTWRC185	6909620	437740	505	133	55	59	4	3.06
					109	110	1	2.14
					126	127	1	1.62
RRLTWRC186	6909620	437780	505	103	47	48	1	1.75
					77	79	2	1.3

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					92	94	2	1.4
					99	102	3	1.93
RRLTWRC187	6909620	437820	505	171	58	59	1	1.38
					83	84	1	1.4
					108	109	1	3.46
					112	113	1	1.24
					131	132	1	2.77
					136	137	1	1.02
					146	147	1	1.53
RRLTWRC188	6909620	437857	505	103	96	97	1	1.3
RRLTWWE001	6909341	437807	507	132	43	44	1	1.23
					45	72	27	1.98
					77	83	6	1.63
					88	105	17	2.23